**Pupil premium strategy statement** This statement details our school's use of pupil premium (and recovery premium for the 2021 to 2024 academic year) funding to help improve the attainment of our disadvantaged pupils.

It outlines our pupil premium strategy, how we intend to spend the funding in this academic year and the effect that last year's spending of pupil premium had within our school.

#### **School overview**

Detail	Data
School name	Arlecdon Primary School
Number of pupils in school	31 (Reception to Y6)
Proportion (%) of pupil premium eligible pupils	16%
Academic year/years that our current pupil premium strategy plan covers (3 year plans are recommended)	2021-24
Date this statement was published	September 23
Date on which it will be reviewed	September 24
Statement authorised by	Lara Robson
Pupil premium lead	Lara Robson
Governor / Trustee lead	David Sharp

#### **Funding overview**

Detail	Amount
Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year	£7275
Recovery premium funding allocation this academic year	£4500 WELL funding
Service Children	£335
Pupil premium funding carried forward from previous years (enter £0 if not applicable)	£0
Total budget for this academic year	£12,110
If your school is an academy in a trust that pools this funding, state the amount available to your school this academic year	

#### Part A: Pupil premium strategy plan

#### Statement of intent

At Arlecdon Primary School we focus on the whole child and aim to ensure our disadvantaged pupils leave primary school physically, socially, emotionally and academically ready to succeed at Secondary School. From an academic perspective we aim to ensure our disadvantage pupils perform as well as our non-disadvantage pupils in statutory testing throughout their Primary school years.

We aim to ensure our disadvantaged pupils have also been exposed to a language-rich environment and a variety of experiences that increases their knowledge of the world and their aspirations. We aim to teach ensuring children will "know more and remember more" in terms of the complexity and critical and pivotal knowledge they need for success. We strive to equip them with skills (including metacognitive ones) and knowledge that will ensure they are resilient, independent learners who can overcome challenges, solve problems and have a thirst for learning.

Our pupil premium strategy runs alongside our Academy Development Plan and school values GEMS (Growth mindset, Effort, Manners and Success). This means that the school is focused on a consistent clear message of diminishing the disadvantage gap. Our key principles are underpinned by our ADP which is focussed on Maths, English, Metacognition and offering a wide range of cultural capital through our foundation subjects. At Arlecdon Primary School we know children must be ready to learn by ensuring their personal, social, emotional and developmental needs are met.

#### **Challenges**

This details the key challenges to achievement that we have identified among our disadvantaged pupils.

Challenge number	Detail of challenge
1	Low progress in core areas of phonics, reading, writing and maths
2	Underdeveloped speech and language skills on entry
3	Mental health issues / SEND
4	Limited funding to allow 1:1 and/or small group work
5	Lack of wider life/cultural experiences due to socio-economic deprivation

#### **Intended outcomes**

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for **by the end of our current strategy plan**, and how we will measure whether they have been achieved.

Intended outcome	Success criteria
To ensure children make good progress and learn from a well sequenced and progressive curriculum	Quality First teaching delivers an ambitious curriculum accessible to all which has clearly sequenced small steps and shows progression of key knowledge and skills.
To diminish the difference between disadvantaged pupils and their peers by improving the teaching and outcomes in phonics	All staff delivering phonics are confident and deliver high quality lessons. Pupils make good progress and assessment is accurate and feeds back into lesson delivery
To diminish the difference in attainment of disadvantaged pupils and their peers in reading, writing and mathematics	Pupils are working within their age-related expectations and make good to accelerated progress. The gap between disadvantaged and their peers diminishes and statutory assessments results show this across all years
To ensure the spoken language of Early Years pupils is good and allows them to effective access all areas of the Early Years Framework	Pupils make good progress and achieve Early Learning Goals
To ensure the mental and physical health of pupils and their families is such that it supports children's learning	Pupils are happy, healthy and ready to learn. Parents promote a healthy lifestyle and recognise the importance of their part in their child's education
To improve capacity for 1:1 and small group work	Staff are utilised more effectively and progress can be seen due to participation in 1:1 and/or small group interventions
To provide a range of opportunities to broaden the minds and cultural life experiences of the pupils	Pupils partake in a variety of experiences "above and beyond" curriculum expectations

### Activity in this academic year

This details how we intend to spend our pupil premium (and recovery premium funding) this academic year to address the challenges listed above.

#### **Teaching (for example, CPD, recruitment and retention)**

Budgeted cost: £ 3000

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Relevant staff to undertake maths Mastery Number course through the NECTM     Training to introduce White Rose Maths for all teachers and TA's     Embed a structured consistent approach to all maths lessons ensuring time for retention and revisiting of key facts	EEF +5 months (Mastery learning)     +7 months (Metacognition and self     Regulation)  Mastery learning approaches aim to ensure that all pupils have mastered key concepts before moving on to the next topic.  Quality First Teaching is widely evidenced as having the biggest difference to outcome of pupils of all abilities — having effective, well-trained teachers delivering a structured progressive curriculum is the most effective tool for all of our children	1
Writing:  • All staff to receive "Write Stuff" training • Delivery of spelling approach by subject lead to all staff and TA's Embed systematic approach to marking ensuring pupils are challenged and given time to do corrections and answer questions posed	EEF +6 months (Oral language Interventions) +6 months (Feedback) There is evidence to suggest that pupils from lower socioeconomic backgrounds are more likely to be behind their more advantaged counterparts in developing early language and speech skills, which may affect their school experience and learning later in tehri school lives.  Quality First Teaching is widely evidenced as having the biggest difference to outcome of pupils of all abilities – having effective, well-trained teachers delivering a structured progressive curriculum is the most effective tool for all of our children	1
Subject leaders: Time out of class to complete Curriculum, teaching and learning	Quality First Teaching is widely evidenced as having the biggest difference to outcome of pupils of all abilities – having effective, well-trained teachers delivering a structured progressive curriculum is the most effective tool for all of our children	1

reviews and report back to Headteacher	Subject leaders need time to monitor delivery of their subject, do book scrutinies, speak to pupils, address misconceptions and help build the confidence of those delivering their subject.	
Reading:  • Train all relevant staff in the teaching of high-quality phonics  Embed regular use of Accelerated Reader and Reading Plus	EEF +5 months (Phonics)  +6 months (Reading comprehension strategies)  There is extensive evidence to show that high quality phonics delivery is an important component in the development or early reading and skills, particularly for children from disadvantaged backgrounds.  Studies in England have shown that pupils eligible for free school meals typically receive similar or slightly greater benefit from phonics interventions and approaches. This is likely to be due to the explicit nature of the instruction and the intensive support provided.  Studies show some disadvantaged pupils do not develop phonological awareness at the same rate as their more advantaged peers as they have been exposed to fewer words spoken and books read at home. Daily phonics teaching and interventions help improve decoding and reduce the gap.  Some disadvantaged pupils have less access to books than their counterparts and reading at home may not be a priority. Reading at school for 30 minutes a day helps reduce this gap, develop a love of reading and reduce the gap in the number of words read by disadvantaged and their peers	1,2

# Targeted academic support (for example, tutoring, one-to-one support structured interventions)

Budgeted cost: £ 8000

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
TA's to ensure delivery of phonics takes place in small same ability groups on a daily basis  TA's to listen to readers daily and take small comprehension groups	EEF +4 months (Individualised Instruction) +5 months (Phonics)  Evidence indicates that individualised instruction in small groups is effective and reduces gaps between disadvantaged and their peers particularly in the area of Phonics and reading	1,2,4
TA staff for 1:1 and/or small group interventions to address learning gaps in core subjects on a regular basis	EEF +4 months (Small group tuition) +4 months (Teaching Assistant interventions) 1:1 and small group interventions allow teaching to focus exclusively on a small number of learners. This can be to provide support to lower attaining learners or those falling behind but can also be used as a more general approach to ensure effective progress or to revisit challenging skills. Studies in England have	1,2,4

	shown that pupils eligible for free school meals receive benefits from small group tuition	
TA delivering ELSA support interventions on a weekly basis	EEF +4 months (Social and emotional learning) Studies show social and emotional learning approaches can have a positive impact in academic outcomes but do not always. Nevertheless, studies show there are other benefits to the interventions such as being able to effectively manage emotions which will be beneficial to pupils in their daily life. The approach can also raise pupil's self-esteem, provide them with approaches to help them become more resilient and as such help them improve their approach to learning in class	3

# Wider strategies (for example, related to attendance, behaviour, wellbeing)

Budgeted cost: £ 1110

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Funding towards: Forest school termly trips, outdoor and adventurous residential and day trips, Geography fieldtrips, Primary Business Partnerships activities and other trips linked to the curriculum	EEF (Outdoor adventure learning)  EEF +1month (Physical activity)  Participation in wider life/cultural experiences may not have a huge impact on academic learning but they can lead to improved engagement back in the classroom and give children the chance to experience things that they would otherwise not be able to. Broadening pupil's minds and life experiences helps make pupils have higher aspirations and as such work harder to achieve the career and goals they set themselves	3, 5
1 free afterschool extra curricular clubs for disadvantaged pupils (one which must active)	EEF +3 months (Extending school time) +1 month (Physical activity) Giving access to extra-curricular clubs helps reduce the gap of what children experience due to their socioeconomic status. Active clubs promote wellbeing and all clubs help promote problems solving skills and improve teamwork and collaboration. Wellbeing is improved as children are stimulated in a safe fun environment.	3,5

Total budgeted cost: £ 12,110

# Part B: Review of outcomes in the previous academic year Pupil premium strategy outcomes

This details the impact that our pupil premium activity had on pupils in the 2022 to 2023 academic year:

Our internal assessments 2022/23 suggested that we are beginning to see that the performance of many of our disadvantaged pupils is improving. We are still seeing what is being reported nationally of the disadvantaged gap being significantly wider than that of pre pandemic years. We have used Pupil Premium funding to help address the identified areas above.

RWI has been introduced with fantastic success with 100% of Year 1 children passing in 22/23. Having introduced Smart Maths last year we have moved away from this maths scheme to White Rose Maths as the problem solving skills did not seem to be having a positive impact on our children. Disadvantaged children accessed the full curriculum with quality first teaching and a range of intervention packages in all areas to support their learning.

All children who wanted to attend residentials or school trips were able to last year due to the funding.

Year 2 Data 2022 (20% of cohort PP)

Subject	Working Below	Working towards	Expected	Greater Depth
Reading			25	75
Writing		50	50	
Maths		25	50	25

#### Year 6 Data 2022 (22% of cohort PP)

Group	SPAG	Reading	Maths	Combined	Science	Writing
Whole group	88.9%	77.81%	77.8%	66.71%	88.9%	55.6%
Boys	83%	66.6%	66.4%	49.8%	83%	50%
Girls	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
SEND	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
PP	100%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%

## **Externally provided programmes**

Programme	Provider
Accelerated Reader	Renaissance
Reading Plus	Reading Solutions
LBQ	LBQ
TTRS	Maths Circle
Spelling Shed	Edshed
White Rose Maths	White Rose Education
Language Angels	Language Angels
Tapestry	Tapestry

## **Service pupil premium funding (optional)**

Measure	Details
How did you spend your service pupil premium allocation last academic year?	iPad Access to enrichment activities
What was the impact of that spending on service pupil premium eligible pupils?	Children receive personalised support through iPad from class teacher and TA's. Children have a wider access to more opportunities.